GKN Driveline International GmbH Hauptstrasse 130 53797 Lohmar 7th October 2004 Oy/sch (20040501) Q03049W010

Differential carrier with an increased strength

Description

The invention relates to a differential carrier for a differential drive, which differential carrier has to be supported so as to be rotatingly drivable around its longitudinal axis A, with sideshaft gears which are supported in the differential carrier so as to be coaxially rotatable around the longitudinal axis A, with differential gears which are supported in the differential carrier on axes of rotation R positioned radially relative to the longitudinal axis A and which meshingly engage the sideshaft gears, and with a multi-plate coupling which is arranged in the differential carrier so as to extend coaxially relative to the longitudinal axis A and which is arranged so as to be effective between a first one of the sideshaft gears on the one hand and the differential carrier or the second one of the sideshaft gears on the other hand, wherein the differential carrier comprises a flange to which a crown gear can be bolted.

Differential drives can build up a locking effect via an externally controlled actuating device or vary a locking effect without any external influence, as a function of the differential speed or as a function of the transmitted torque. Such a self-locking differential drive is known from DE 34 02 917 C1 for example.

There are several types of prior art differential carriers which, substantially consist of a dish-shaped part and a cover part, with an assembly consisting of sideshaft gears and differential gears being accommodated in the rear part of the dish-shaped part, with the multi-plate coupling being arranged aside of same and, finally, with a cover with an integrally formed-on flange closing said assembly. In the case of differential drives with an externally controlled actuating device for actuating the multi-plate coupling, it is possible to arrange same inside the differential carrier, with the cover forming part of the actuating device (DE 199 42 044 C1) or being positioned outside the differential carrier, wherein the actuating device is supported on a sleeve projection at the cover part (DE 102 52 974 A1). The disadvantage of these designs is that, as a result of the bearing region of the differential carrier being formed on to the cover, a centring error of the cover relative to the dish-shaped part affects the concentric running characteristics of the differential carrier and thus of the ring gear.

From DE 197 09 523 C1 there is known a differential drive with a differential carrier. The differential carrier comprises a dish-shaped part with a base and with a flange as well as a cover which can be bolted to the flange. With reference to a plane extending through the axes of rotation of the differential gears, the base and the flange of the dish-shaped part are arranged on different sides. This also applies to the differential drives known from DE 101 03 789 A1 and DE 39 09 112 C2.

DE 102 53 384 A1 proposes a differential drive with a dishshaped differential carrier, and with reference to the central plane of the differential drive, a base and a flange of the dish-shaped differential carrier are jointly positioned on one side. On the opposite side, there is provided a cover which is placed on to the differential carrier and secured thereto by circumferentially distributed bolts.

It is the object of the present invention to provide a solution according to which the strength and the concentric running characteristics of the differential carrier can be improved.

The solution is that the differential carrier is formed of a dish-shaped part comprising a base and an integrally formed-on flange and of a cover which is inserted into the dish-shaped part and which is axially fixed by an annular securing element, and that the cover and the multi-plate coupling — with reference to a plane extending through the axes of rotation of the differential gears — are positioned in the differential carrier on the side located opposite the base and the flange. More particularly, it is proposed that the flange substantially overlaps with the base of the dish-shaped part.

According to a preferred embodiment, there is provided an actuating device for actuating the multi-plate coupling, which actuating device can be arranged inside or outside the differential carrier. If the actuating device is arranged inside the differential carrier, it is preferably provided in the form of a differential-speed-sensing device, more particularly a shear pump device of the Viscolok type. It is particularly advantageous that the housing of the shear pump device is at least partially formed by the cover of the differential carrier. In the case of an embodiment where the actuating device is arranged outside the differential carrier, the actuating device is preferably provided in the form of an externally controllable device, more particularly a ball ramp setting device. It is advantageous that the ball ramp setting device is supported

on a projection at the dish-shaped part of the differential carrier. As an alternative to the embodiment with an actuating device, the differential carrier can also be used in a self-locking differential drive without an external actuating device.

The inventive differential carrier is advantageous in that the operation of machining the flange and the nearby bearing region for the differential carrier can take place in one clamping setting-up for the first part, so that concentric running errors of the ring gear are largely avoided. The play-free fit between the cover and the first part is further removed from the flange at the first part, so that any concentric running errors between said fit and the second bearing region for the differential carrier provided at the cover are transmitted to the assembly of the ring gear to a very limited extent only. By axially associating the flange and the base of the first dish-shaped part, the ring gear fixing acquires a very high degree of stability. Because the cover is inserted into the dish-shaped part and axially fixed by the annular securing element, the differential drive acquires a short axial length, and at the same time the dish-shaped part is adequately reinforced from the inside. Furthermore, using a securing element constitutes a cost-effective solution because there is no need for any additional components.

According to a first embodiment, the annular securing element is provided in the form of a threaded ring which is screwed into a corresponding inner thread in the dish-shaped part. The threaded ring comprises at least one circumferentially distributed bore which cuts into an outer circumferential face and into which there is pressed a securing element, for example a metal ball, to prevent rotation. To prevent the rotation of the threaded ring, it is also conceivable to apply any

other solution such as welding or caulking. As an alternative to the threaded ring, the annular securing element can also be provided in the form of a circlip ring which is arranged in a corresponding annular groove in the dish-shaped part.

Preferred embodiments of the invention are illustrated in the drawings which will be described below.

Figure 1 shows an inventive differential carrier in a first embodiment.

Figure 2 shows an inventive differential carrier in a second embodiment.

Figure 3 shows an inventive differential carrier in a third embodiment

- a) in a longitudinal section
- b) it shows the securing element according to Figure 3a) in the form of a detail.

Figure 1 shows a differential carrier 11 which has to be rotatably supported in the housing of a differential drive. Support in this case is provided, more particularly, by two sleeve projections 12, 13 arranged coaxially relative to the longitudinal axis A of the differential carrier. The differential carrier comprises a dish-shaped first part 14 with a base 22, a casing 23 and an integrally formed-on flange 16 as well as a cover 15 inserted into the first part 14. A ring gear for rotatingly driving the differential carrier can be bolted to the flange 16. The first sleeve projection 12 is integrally connected to the first part 14 and the second sleeve projection 13 is integrally connected to the cover 15. By means of a securing ring 17, the cover 15 is held so as to be supported against a step in the dish-shaped first part 14. The securing

ring 17 comprises an outwardly pointing conical face, so that the cover 15 is mounted in a play-free way in the first part 14. In the differential carrier 11 there are provided two output bevel gears 18, 19 arranged coaxially relative to the longitudinal axis A, and a number of four differential bevel gears whose axis of rotation is each positioned radially relative to the longitudinal axis A and of which two (20, 21) can be seen in this Figure. The teeth of the four differential bevel gears engage those of the two output bevel gears 18, 19 and are uniformly distributed around the circumference. identifiable differential gears 20, 21 run slidingly on bearing arms 24, 25 which are inserted into radial bores 30, 31 in the first part 14 and held radially outwardly therein by securing rings 32, 33. By means of their inner ends 28, 29 whose diameter is reduced, the bearing arms 24, 25 are directly supported relative to one another. Said arms are laterally supported by a second pair of integrally produced arms 26, 27 and held relative to one another. The differential carrier 11 in the embodiment as shown here forms part of a lockable differential drive and comprises a multi-plate coupling 41 and a shear pump assembly 51 such as it is described in the applicant's publication DE 196 19 891 C2. Reference is therefore made to said disclosure. Therefore, only the most important details are mentioned. The assembly is filled with a fluid. The multi-plate coupling comprises a plate package 42 consisting of first plates connected to the first part 14 in a rotationally fast way and of second plates connected to a coupling hub 43. The plate package is axially supported on a supporting disc 44 in the first part 14 if it is axially loaded by a setting piston 52 of the shear pump assembly 51. Furthermore, the shear pump 51 comprises a shear plate 54 connected to a pump hub 53 and a shear groove and control element 55 rotatable to a limited extent relative to the cover part 15 which, at the same time, forms the pump housing. In the cover part 15, there

is formed a pump chamber 60 containing the shear plate 54 and the shear groove and control element 55. Furthermore, it is possible to identify in the cover part 15 a reservoir 61 which is formed by an annular chamber 56, an annular cover 57 and a plate spring 58 and which is connected by bores (not shown) to the pump chamber 60 of the shear pump 51. The output bevel gear 18 comprises inner teeth 34 into which it is possible to insert a first sideshaft. The output bevel gear 19 comprises second inner teeth 35 into which a second output shaft can be inserted. Inner teeth 45 of the coupling hub 43 and inner teeth 59 of the pump hub 53 correspond to the inner teeth 35 of the output bevel gear 19. The output bevel gear 19, the coupling hub 43 and the pump hub 53 are connected to one another in a rotationally fixed way by inserting a sideshaft. As a result, if there occurs a speed differential between the output bevel gear 19 and the differential carrier 11, a fluid pressure is built up in the shear pump 51 as a result of which the piston 52 is displaced against the plate package 42, so that the output bevel gear 19 is braked relative to the differential carrier 11. The piston 52 and the cover 15 sealed relative to one another by seals 62, 63. Via sliding discs 36, 37, the output bevel gear 18 and the pump hub 53 are axially supported relative to the differential carrier 11 in a low-friction way.

Figure 2 shows a differential carrier 11' which has to be rotatably supported in the housing of the differential drive. Support, in this case, is provided more particularly on two sleeve projections 12' 13' which are positioned coaxially relative to the longitudinal axis A of the differential carrier. The differential carrier comprises a dish-shaped first part 14' with a base 22', a casing 23' and an integrally formed-on flange 16' as well as a cover 15' inserted into the first part 14'. A ring gear for rotatingly driving the differ-

ential carrier can be bolted to the flange 16'. The first sleeve projection 12' is integrally connected to the first part 14' and the second sleeve projection 13' is integrally connected to the cover 15'. By means of a securing ring 17, the cover 15' is held in the dish-shaped part 14 in an axially play-free way. In the differential carrier there are provided two output bevel gears 18, 19 arranged coaxially relative to the longitudinal axis A, and a number of four differential bevel gears whose axis of rotation R is each positioned radially relative to the longitudinal axis A and of which two (20, 21) can be seen in this Figure. The teeth of the four differential bevel gears engage those of the two output bevel gears 18, 19 and are uniformly distributed around the circumference. The identifiable differential gears 20, 21 run slidingly on bearing arms 24, 25 which are inserted into radial bores 30, 31 in the first part 14 and held radially outwardly therein by securing rings 32, 33. By means of their inner ends 28, 29 whose diameter is reduced, the bearing arms 24, 25 are directly supported relative to one another. Said arms are laterally supported by a second pair of arms 26, 27 and held relative to one another. The differential carrier in the embodiment as shown here forms part of a lockable differential drive and comprises a multi-plate coupling 41 and a ramp disc assembly 71 such as it is described in the applicant's publication DE 101 29 795 A1 for example. Reference is therefore made to said disclosure. Therefore, only the most important details are mentioned. The multi-plate coupling comprises a plate package 42 consisting of first plates connected to the first part 14 in a rotationally fixed way and of second plates connected to a coupling hub 43. The plate package 42 is axially supported on a supporting disc 44 in the first part 14 if it is axially loaded by pressure pins 72 of the ramp disc assembly 71. The supporting disc 44, in turn, is axially supported at the end of a recess in the first part 14. The ramp

disc assembly 71 is arranged on a reinforced first portion 39 of the second sleeve projection 13'. It comprises a setting disc 73 which, via a needle bearing 75, is supported on the portion 39 and which is rotatingly adjustable via a tooth segment 74. Furthermore, it comprises a pressure disc 76 which, via a holding projection 77, can be secured in a housing in a rotationally fixed way. In those faces of the setting disc 73 and of the pressure disc 76 which face one another, there is arranged a plurality of ball grooves 78, 79 which extend along delimited circumferential regions whose depths vary in opposite directions. Each pair of ball grooves 78, 79 accommodates a ball 80. The balls are held at a constant distance from one another by a ball cage 81. The setting disc 73 is supported via an axial bearing 82 on a disc 83 which is held by a securing ring 84 on the portion 39. The pressure disc 76 is radially centred entirely by the balls 80 and acts on a pressure plate 86 via an axial bearing 85. Said pressure plate 86 loads the pressure pins 72. The output bevel gear 18 comprises inner teeth 34 into which a first sideshaft can be inserted; the output bevel gear 19 comprises second inner teeth 35 into which a second output shaft can be inserted. Inner teeth 45 of the coupling hub 43 correspond to the inner teeth 35. By inserting a sideshaft, the output bevel gear 19 and the coupling hub 43 are connected to one another in a rotationally fast way. The output bevel gear 18 and the coupling hub 43 are supported relative to the differential carrier via sliding discs 36, 37 in an axially low-friction way.

Figures 3a and 3b which will be described jointly below show a further differential carrier 11 which, in respect of design and functioning, corresponds to that shown in Figure 1 to the description of which reference is hereby made. Identical components have been given the same reference numbers. The embodiment according to Figure 3 is characterised in that the

annular securing element 17, in this case, is provided in the form of a threaded ring which is threaded into a corresponding inner thread 46 of the dish-shaped first part 14 and rotationally secured relative thereto. To prevent rotation, the threaded ring comprises at least one bore 47 which cuts into an outer circumferential face of the threaded ring and into which there is pressed a securing element 48. The securing element is provided in the form of a steel ball which, radially outwardly, extends over an imaginary inner circumferential face of the dish-shaped first part 14 and thus prevents the threaded ring from rotating. The threaded ring comprises a plurality of circumferentially distributed grooves 49 which can be engaged by a suitable tool which will thread the threaded ring into the dish-shaped first part 14.

All three embodiments have in common that the dish-shaped first part 14 with its base 22, its casing 23 and the flange 16 are produced so as to form one piece, with the flange 16 and the base 22 - with reference to a plane extending through the axes of rotation of the differential gears 20, 21 - being positioned on the same side. As a result, especially in the region of the introduction of force via the ring gear (not shown), there is achieved a particularly high degree of stiffness for the differential carrier 11. The multi-plate coupling 41 and the cover 15, with reference to said plane, are arranged on the opposite side of the flange 16 and base 22, with the multi-plate coupling 41 being axially supported against the cover 15. Because the cover 15 has been inserted into the dish-shaped first part and is axially secured by the annular securing element 17, there is achieved a relatively short length and at the same time good reinforcing conditions from the radial inside.

GKN Driveline International GmbH Hauptstrasse 130 53797 Lohmar 7th October 2004 Oy/sch (20040501) Q03049WO10

Differential carrier with an increased strength

List of reference numbers

11	differential carrier
12	sleeve projection
13	sleeve projection
14	first part (dish-shaped)
15	cover
16	flange
17	securing ring
18	output bevel gear
19	output bevel gear
20	differential bevel gear
21	differential bevel gear
22	base
23	casing
24 .	bearing arm
25	bearing arm
26	bearing arm
27	bearing arm
2.8	inner end
29	inner end
30	bore
31	bore
32	securing ring
33	securing ring
34	inner teeth

inner teeth

35

16

```
36
      sliding disc
37.
      sliding disc
38
      transverse bore
39
      portion
41
      multi-plate coupling
42
      plate package
      coupling hub
43
      supporting plate
44
      inner teeth
45
46
      inner thread
47
      bore
48.
      securing element
49
      groove
51
      shear pump
52
      piston
53
      pump hub
54
       shear plate
       shear groove and control element
55
56
       annular chamber
57
       annular cover
58
       plate spring
59
       inner teeth
       pump chamber
60
61
       reservoir
62
       seal
63
       seal
```

ramp disc assembly

pressure pin

setting disc

tooth segment

needle bearing

pressure disc

71 72

73

74

75

76

77	holding projection
78	ball groove
79	ball groove
80	ball
81	ball cage
82	axial bearing
83	disc
84	securing ring
85	axial bearing

pressure plate